THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Editor and Proprietor.

The SENTINEL is published every morning except Sunday.

TERMS:

For one month,	$1.00
For two months,	2.00
Three months,	3.00
Six months,	5.00

☞ We solicit the aid of our friends in extending our circulation.

NEWS BY THE PAPERS.

The papers last received are exceedingly barren.

FROM SOUTH COROLINA.

Gov. Perry's Message.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—The steamer *Quaker City* has arrived from Charleston on the 16th.

The *Courier* contains Gov. Perry's message to the State Convention. He acknowledges the death of slavery and counsels a wise, just and humane treatment of the freedmen, by which they may become as strongly attached to the whites as whilst they were slaves. Legislation, he says, will be required to regulate duties of employer and employee. The Governor suggests changes in the State Constitution, making it more popular and republican in form.

It is the reproach of South Carolina that it is less so than any other State in the Union. He is opposed to the extension of suffrage to the freedmen in their present ignorant and degraded condition, as little less than folly and madness. He contends that this is the white man's government and the white man's only. That the Supreme Court has decided that negroes are not citizens, and that each State has the unquestioned right to decide for herself who shall vote. He suggests the election by the people of the Governor, members of Congress, the Legislature and Presidential Electors directly by the people; and that the Legislature should be elected and convened in session to order an election for Congressmen before the first Monday of December.

The future, he says, will be bright and glorious. As long as civilization continues, this great republic will flourish and increase in numbers, wealth and grandeur. In less than ten years we shall realize in the loss of slavery a blessing in disguise to ourselves and to our children. He notifies the convention of the re-establishment of the civil law and courts, and the withdrawal of the negro troops from the interior to the garrisons on the coast. The presence of white troops will, he says, be necessary for some time to enforce the relative duties of freedmen and employers.

Later From Europe.

Farther Point, Sept. 19.—The steamer *Damascus* has arrived. Her advices are to the 9th inst., but unimportant. Queen Victoria would return to England from Germany on the 8th.

The French Minister of Agriculture had addressed a report to the Emperor on the cattle plague, and the Emperor has issued a decree prohibiting the introduction of passage through France of cattle from England, Holland or Belgium.

Important Trade Circular.

The following important circular relative to Southern trade, was issued on Monday last by the Secretary of the Treasury:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Sept. 18, 1855.

In the circular issued by this department on June 11, 1865, reference was made to the Provision contained in section 46, of the Internal Revenue Act of June 30, 1864, conferring upon the Secretary of the Treasury discretionary power in regard to the assessment, levy, time and manner of collection of taxes in the States lately in rebellion.

Under the authority given by that section it was then stated that the Department, without waiving in any degree the rights of the Government in regard to taxes heretofore accruing, would not insist at present upon their payment, so far as they were payable prior to the establishment of a collection district embracing the territory in which the tax payer resided. It was further provided that manufactured articles found in the hands of a purchaser, which were satisfactorily shown to have passed from the manufacturer before the establishment of the district, should not be subject to tax, unless transported beyond the limits of the State lately in insurrection. No exception was then made in favor of articles which had remained in the possession of the manufacturers, and thus become liable to the tax imposed by the existing law.

The Department, preferring to test the practical workings of the regulation before exercising its power of modification in this important particular, representations since made relative to the hardship of this discrimination between manufacturer and purchaser, have been corroborated by careful inquiry, and induce the conviction that a further exemption is justifiable and advisable.

It is found that considerable quantities of manufactured products have been retained by the manufacturer in his own hands as the safest mode of investing his property, until the return of peace; that this retention was determined on and carried out without the knowledge or opportunity of knowledge of the law subjecting this property to a heavy taxation on sale, and that a large part of the manufacturers so retained having been much deteriorated in value by the lapse of time and want of proper attention, would not now sell for a sum equal to the tax.

A state of things so destructive to the usefulness of property and to the prosperity of the manufacturing classes is as adverse to the integrity of the Government as to those of the community. For these reasons it is hereby ordered that all articles, in whatsoever hands found, which can be shown to the satisfaction of the Assessor to have been manufactured before the establishment of the district, shall be held free from the present assessment or collection of tax, unless transported beyond the limits of the States lately in insurrection.

Manufacturers of articles liable to seizure for want of inspection marks will present to the Assessor evidence that such articles were manufactured prior to the establishment of the district, and the Assessor, if satisfied, will cause such articles to be so marked as to be identified and sold without liability to seizure.

All articles transported beyond the limits of the States lately in insurrection will be subject to the tax due under the law in force at the time they were manufactured.

(Signed) H. MCCULLOCH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

DAILY SENTINEL.

"I WOULD RATHER BE RIGHT THAN BE PRESIDENT."—Henry Clay.

VOL. I. RALEIGH, SATURDAY, SEPT. 23, 1865. NO. 41.

Farriss' Column.

I. X. L.

C. M. FARRISS,

Has just returned from the North with a new Stock of

FALL GOODS,

Selected expressly for this market, consisting in part of

BEAVER CLOTHS,
BROADCLOTHS,
ENGLISH AND SCOTCH CASSIMERES,
SILK MIXED CASSIMERES,
TRICOT CASSIMERES,
BLUE CLOTHS.

CASSIMERES OF ALL COLORS!

CORDUROY,
BLACK SILK VELVETS,
GLOVES AND SCARFS.

SHIRTS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS!

ARMY HATS,
NAVY CAPS,
HALF HOSE,
SUSPENDERS,
HANDKERCHEIFS, NECK TIES,
LINEN AND PAPER COLLARS,
SHOULDER STRAPS,
MILITARY BUTTONS,
AND LACES
SCARF PINS,
SHOES OF ALL KINDS,
TRUNKS AND VALISES.

MERCHANT TAILORING

Done in the very best style by
C. M. FARRISS and his Superb Cutter,
MR. GRIFFITH.

Suits of every description made to order at the shortest notice and in the very best manner.

☞ What you do not see in my Store, order and you shall have it in the quickest possible time.

C. M. FARRISS.

Raleigh, August 28, 1865. 28-tf

NEW COMMISSION HOUSE.

SWEPSON, MENDENHALL & CO.,

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

FOR THE SALE OF

Tobacco, Raw Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Cloths and Naval Stores.

79 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

Robert R. Swepson, New York City.
Samuel G. Murphy, New York City.
C. P. Mendenhall, Pres't Farmer's Bank, Greensboro', N. C.
Daniel G. Worth, Company Shops, N. C.
G. W. Swepson, Haw River, P. O., N. C.
au 8 tf

THE BEST, MOST EXPEDITIOUS AND MOST COMFORTABLE ROUTE FROM CHARLOTTE TO THE NORTHERN CITIES, VIA

North Carolina Railroad,
Raleigh & Gaston Railroad,
Petersburg & Weldon Railroad

AND THEIR

VARIOUS CONNECTIONS.

Passengers by this line will leave CHARLOTTE at 3 o'clock p. m., arrive at Raleigh 4.30 a. m. Leave RALEIGH 5 o'clock a. m., arrive at Gaston 12 a. m. Leave GASTON 1 p. m., arrive at Petersburg 6.30 p. m., and leave that night for Richmond and the north, or stay in Petersburg, get a good night's rest and take the cars for City Point, connecting with the James River steamers for northern points.

Passengers for western or southern points will leave Petersburg at 5.30 o'clock a. m., arrive at Gaston 11 a. m. Leave Gaston 11 a. m., arrive at Raleigh 7 p. m. Leave Raleigh at 7.40 p. m. and 6 a. m.

Passengers are respectfully requested to get tickets before entering the cars.

E. WILKES,
Eng. and Sup't N. C. R. R.
A. JOHNSON,
Sup't Raleigh & Gaston R. R.
R. M. DUNLOP,
Aug. 21-tf Sup't Petersburg & Weldon R. R.

JOB WORK

Of every description executed at this office with neatness and dispatch.

Pioneer Land Office.

L. P. OLDS & COMPANY.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C.

G. B. OLDS, - - Manager.

SPECIAL AGENCIES.

Wilmington, Greensboro',
New Berne, Salisbury,
Goldsboro', Charlotte,

335 ATLANTIC ST., NEW YORK, AND 123 SOUTH ST. PHILADELPHIA.

AGENTS IN ALL COUNTIES.

Our Agents all receive like Compensation, on all Sales through their Descriptive Lists or Applications.

BEGINNING immediately after the war collapsed, we continue to receive applications from Buyers and Sellers of REAL ESTATE, and invite a still more extended use of this cheap, convenient, liberal, and satisfactory

PLAN OF BUSINESS.

Parties can communicate through agents, or direct. Rules in the hands of all Agents.
Titles guaranteed according to our rules. (No. 14.)

FOR SALE.

☞ Cotton, Tobacco, Turpentine, Corn, Mining and other Lands, Mills, Town Property, &c., &c.

All enquiries promptly answered with Maps, Diagrams and Sketches, if required.

Having reliable and active Agents in every County for the sale, purchase and leasing of Real Estate through them, this office is enabled, in addition to our regular Land Business, to collect all claims sent to it with the greatest possible dispatch.

September 2nd, 1865-23-tf.

THE UNION STORE!

(HUTCHING'S OLD STAND.)

THE FINEST AND LARGEST ESTABLISHMENT IN TOWN IS NOW OPEN, PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE STOCK CONSISTING OF ALL KINDS OF

FANCY GOODS, SEGARS, TOBACCO AND PIPES,

Also,

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

LADIES' SHOES, ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

And oblige your obedient servant,

PH. THEIM.

Aug. 22 3m.

NEW GOODS!
New Goods!!
New Goods!!!

JUST RECEIVED

AT

GOLDSTEIN & WILSON'S

AT

J. C. PALMER'S OLD STAND,

PRINTS, assorted styles and beautiful, Lace Goods, Embroideries, Irish Linens, Embroidered Muslin Curtains, Ladies and Gents. Hosiery.

—ALSO—

HOOP SKIRTS, LADIES' FURNISHING GOODS,

Chemizetts, Skirts, plain and Embroidered, and almost every article needed in a Lady's wardrobe.

New styles and very desirable.

—ALSO—

PERFUMERY AND SOAPS.

Aug 14-tf

SCHOOL NOTICE.

MRS. ELLEN MORDECAI PROPOSES TO open a School for children from 7 to 12 years old, at her residence in Raleigh on the 1st day of October next. Girls will be preferred.

Terms $20 per session of five months.

Raleigh, Sep. 13th, 1865-31-tf-pd.

STEAM POWER PRESS PRINTING,

BY

STROTHER & CO.

RALEIGH, N. C.

(*The only Steam Power Press in the City.*)

Change of Time.

ON and after 7.40 P. M., Sunday, August 13th, 1865, Trains will run as follows, until further orders:

GOING WEST.

MAIL TRAIN.

Leave Raleigh,	7.40	P. M.
" Greensboro,	2.17	A. M.
" Salisbury,	6.45	"
Arrive Charlotte,	10.10	"

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

Leave Raleigh,	6.00	A. M.
" Greensboro,	12.50	P. M.
" Salisbury,	5.00	"
Arrive Charlotte,	8.20	"

GOING EAST.

MAIL TRAIN.

Leave Charlotte,	3.00	P. M.
" Salisbury,	6.25	"
" Greensboro,	10.15	"
Arrive Raleigh,	4.30	A. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

Leave Charlotte,	5 25	A. M.
" Salisbury,	9.00	"
" Greensboro,	1.05	P. M.
Arrive Raleigh,	7.30	"

Mail train connects, east and west, with the Raleigh and Gaston train for Petersburg and the North and with the U. S. Military railroad for Goldsboro, Newbern, Morehead City and Wilmington.

Freight Train leaves Raleigh at 11 A. M., Charlotte 6.00 A. M.,—stopping at Company Shops over night.

The Mail Train will only run on Sunday. Passengers are notified to procure tickets before entering the trains, as additional fare will be collected.

E. WILKES,
Aug 12 21-tf. Engineer and Sup't.

SCHEDULE

Raleigh and Gaston Railroad.

To take effect Tuesday, June 22, 1865.

GOING NORTH.

MAIL TRAIN.

Leave	Raleigh,	5 00	A. M.
"	Mill Brook,	5 25	"
"	Huntsville,	5 46	"
"	Wake,	6 18	"
"	Franklinton,	7 00	"
"	Kittrell's,	8 12	"
"	Henderson,	8 53	"
"	Junction,	9 30	"
"	Ridgeway,	9 56	"
"	Warrenton,	10 15	"
"	Macon,	10 37	"
"	Littleton,	11 20	"
"	Gaston,	12 00	"
Arrive	Weldon,	1 00	P. M.

GOING SOUTH.

MAIL TRAIN.

Leave	Weldon,	10 00	A. M.
"	Gaston,	11 00	"
"	Littleton,	12 45	P. M
"	Macon,	1 34	"
"	Warrenton,	1 57	"
"	Ridgeway,	2 32	"
"	Junction,	2 39	"
"	Henderson,	3 22	"
"	Kittrell's,	4 03	"
"	Franklinton,	4 44	"
"	Wake,	5 33	"
"	Huntsville,	6 03	"
"	Mill Brook,	6 21	"
Arrive	Raleigh,	7 00	"

ALBERT JOHNSON,
23-tf. Superintendent.

W. S. G. ANDREWS. BENJ. H. HARDIN

N. C. COMMISSION HOUSE.

ANDREWS & BARDIN,

WINMINGTON, N. C.

THE undersigned have established a Commission and Forwarding House in Wilmington, and offer their services for the sale of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Cotton Yarns, Tobacco, Bacon, Flour, &c., &., and to purchase for merchants or others, any goods sold in this market.

Office No. 2, South Water Street, up stairs.
August 28, 1865. 18 3mpd

THOMAS R. MOORE

Respectfully announces to the public that he has resumed the

HAT BUSINESS,

No. 115 Sycamore St., PETERSBURG, VA., and having received a

NEW STOCK OF GOODS

is prepared to sell on as reasonable terms as may be found elsewhere.

☞ He solicits the Wholesale and Retail trade.

MR. JOHN WOODHOUSE

will be pleased to see his old friends and customers.
Aug 18 1m*

GENERAL BUSINESS AGENCY.

W. B. GULICK

RALEIGH, N. C.,

WILL ATTEND TO THE COLLECTION OF Claims against the Quartermaster's and Commissary's Departments of the United States. Also, to the purchase and sale, on Commission, of

STOCKS, BONDS, SPECIE, BANK NOTES AND REAL ESTATE.

Prompt attention given to all business placed in his hands.

Office at the North-Carolina Book Store, corner of Fayetteville Street and the Capitol Square.
Aug 16-tf

WOOD FOR THE CAPITOL.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned until the 20th of September next, to furnish a sufficient quantity of Wood for the use of the public offices in the Capitol, and for the State Convention the ensuing winter and spring. The wood to be sound Oak and Hickory, to be delivered and measured in the wood house on the Capitol Square from time to time, as required. Bidders will state the price per cord at which they will furnish it.

The right of rejecting bids not advantageous to the State is reserved.

ROBERT H. BRADLEY,
Aug. 24-tsep20 Keeper of Capitol.

ADVERTISING RATES

Advertisements occupying not more than 10 lines of minion type which constitues a square:

1 Insertion	$1.00	2 weeks	$ 6.00
2 "	1.50	1 month	10.00
3 "	2.00	2 months	18.00
4 "	2.50	3 "	26.00
5 "	3.00	6 "	30.00
1 week	3.50		

Special notices, under a special head, will be charged ondollar per square for each insertion.

Funeral notices will be charged as advertisements.

The simple announcement of a death or marriage will not be charged.

ALFRED R. BENNETT, CHAS. H. BENNETT,
JAS. C. VAN PELT, Raleigh, N. C.
New York.

BENNETT, VAN PELT & CO.,

Commission Merchants

FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c.,

ALSO, FOR THE

Purchase and Sale of State and Other STOCKS,

23 WHITEHALL STREET, NEW-YORK.

We have associated with us Mr D. W. COWAN, late Public Treasurer for North Carolina.
Aug 30. 20-3f.

A. KLINE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

BEST IMPORTED WINES & BRANDIES,

AND LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS.

GROCERIES &c., &c.,

Corner of Fayetteville and Harget Sts.,
au 8-3m RALEIGH, N. C.

New Map of North Carolina,

FINELY EMBELLISHED, SIX BY EIGHT FEET

THIS is the LATEST, LARGEST and very BEST Map of the State ever published and is neatly mounted on rollers. The Map can be had only at our Store, the balance of the entire edition being in our hands. Price, (Expressed to any point,) $10,00.

BRANSON & FARRER,
au 8 tf Raleigh N. C.

WANTED,

ONE Thousand Bushels of FLAXSEED.

DR. W. R. MILLER.
August 19-1m

DR. WILLIAM LITTLE,

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Raleigh and vicinity.

Office at Col. George Little's. au 12-eod6w

J. H. CRAWFORD,

DENTIST,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

[*Office Over P. F. Pescud's Drug Store.*]

INFORMS the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding counties that he has opened an office at the above well known stand, and is prepared to cleanse, extract and fill, and to insert artificial Teeth, from one to an entire set, on the most improved principles of practice.

☞ He respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

aug 14.—t1st Jan.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

AUCTIONEERS,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

June 27, 1865. 21—6m.

DANCY, HYMAN & COMPANY,

COMMISSION AND PURCHASING MERCHANTS,

No. 80, CEDAR ST. NEW YORK.

HAVING RESUMED OUR OLD BUSINESS, WE are prepared to receive all kinds of Produce, and to make purchases of Goods and Supplies for our friends.

Dr. JOHN ARRINGTON, late of Warrenton, N. C., can be found with us, where he will be pleased to serve his old friends.

J. S. DANCY, of Tarboro', N. C.
JOHN H. HYMAN, late of Scotland Neck, N. C.
F. M. HYMAN, late of Warrenton, N. C.
Aug. 22-c1m.

Hillsboro' N. C. Military Academy.

THE EIGHTH Academic Year of this Institution will begin on Monday, the 2nd of October, 1865.

Excepting the Military feature, the general plan of the Academy, discipline, course of study, &c., will be as heretofore.

TERMS: One hundred and five ($105) for the first three months of the term, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE. This charge will cover all expense for board, fuel, lights, washing, tuition, use of text books and medical attendance. Each student must furnish clothing for a single bed. Circulars furnished on application to

J. B. WHITE,
Superintendent H. M. A.
Late Sup't of S. C. Military Academy.
Sep. 6, 1865-27 twiw.

L. P. OLDS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HILLSBORO STREET,

Near the Exchange Hotel,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

WILL attend all the Federal Courts in the State.

Special attention to business resulting from the war direct.

September 2nd, 1865 23-tf.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS HAVING ACCOUNTS AGAINST the N. C. Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind, will please present them to me immediately.

W. J. PALMER,
30-1w. Principal.

THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E PELL, Editor.

SATURDAY. SEPTEMBER 23 1865

OUR TERMS.

THE SENTINEL is issued every morning (Sunday excepted) at the following rates:

For six months, - - - - -	$5.00
For one month - - - - -	1.00
" two months - - - - -	2.00

Our terms are invariably in advance. The scarcity of money however, obliges us to say to our friends, that responsible and prompt persons who desire the *Sentinel* need not delay sending us their names at once, who can send us the *Cash* in a short time. The money may be sent us by the Rail Road Conductors or the Express Company.

Our Public Schools.

We regard this great interest of the first importance to North Carolina. Important as it was before the abolition of slavery, it is if possible, of more importance now.

Our Public School system had struck deeply its roots into the public sentiment and sympathy of North Carolina before the war, and was beginning to develope its rich fruits among our people. Thousands of our children who must otherwise have grown up in total ignorance of the sheerest rudiments of education, were beginning to receive and appreciate its benefits, and thousands more were annually being introduced into its school houses, who from prejudice and other causes had stood aloof. During the war, notwithstanding the many serious impediments in its way, the schools were kept up in many Counties, but peace has brought with it a total cessation of the blessed streams of light and knowledge, which our Public School system was shedding abroad. Shall the children of the present generation grow up without its fostering care and without the healing virtues of education? We answer, a thousand times; No! no!

Strange as it may seem, poverty is always a convenient plea for the neglect to promote both education and religion, though these are the fulcrum and the lever to real enterprise, success and wealth. No investment can be made by a poor man, which so richly repays him as an outlay to the full extent of his ability, on the education of his children and the religious instruction of his family.

It must be admitted that the people of North Carolina were never so poor as now—never so grievously in debt, without the money to pay—never so perplexed with care and anxiety about the future. But there are life, energy, strong arms and willing hearts, still left us. These properly exerted may make the old North State a garden—our people a great people—our State a great State.

The idea has gone abroad that the Public School system of the State is dead beyond resuscitation—that her educational fund like every other monied interest is bankrupt and destroyed, and that nothing can be done for at least a score of years, to revive this great interest. The prospect, we confess, viewed as we view our material interests generally, is a discouraging one. The poverty of the people, the indebtedness of both the State and the general governments, as well as the indebtedness of the people, render it almost impossible to do much for the Public Schools by way of taxation for some time to come. Much of the fund, the greatest share, was invested in the two principal Banks of the State, the Cape Fear and Bank of the State, which of course must share the fate of the other Stockholders.—The balance is in State bonds. Those sources of income of course are cut off, yet we trust no one will be found so vandal-like as to favor the repudiation of that part of the Fund invested in the bonds of the State. Besides these, the Fund has an annual income from Rail Roads and other sources, which if properly managed may go very far towards keeping up the system economically managed.

To adapt it to our present condition, the system must be remodelled and adjusted—rendered more easy and practical and safer in its operations. To keep it agoing, it must draw large support from those neighborhoods where schools will be kept up. The people and the Literary Board and Superintendent must become coworkers together, and become more mutually dependent than heretofore.

The question is one for the careful and wise consideration and action of the next Legislature.

Executive Pardons.

The labor of signing the Executive grants of pardon is immense. For some weeks quite a number of Virginians and those from other States except our own, have been pardoned. The applications for pardon from this State already exceed one thousand. Perhaps not more than sixty or seventy have yet been granted. From other States they are quite as numerous. The process then is so slow that there is work for a year before the President if this plan continue. We are therefore inclined to think that the rumor of a general amnesty is correct. Some such plan must be adopted in order to dispose of the question in a short time. We are encouraged to hope that the feelings of the President incline him to the course. We hope to see it officially made known soon.

The News.

There is a general dearth of interesting news all over the country. The stirring war times we have had are fast sinking down into a dead calm, and there is scarcely a ripple upon the surface, except the repeated disasters upon the roads and the unwelcome records of crime. Now then we may take the old saying to be true, "no news is good news."

Mr. Jefferson Davis.

We believe that in the adjustment of all the difficulties, the crimes and the wrongs, which led to and have grown out of the late unfortunate war, that the dignity and honor of the government should be fully sustained, our Constitution vindicated, its principles thoroughly sifted and explained, and all laws not inimical thereto promptly enforced. We do not therefore sympathize with the idea, that Mr. Davis should be pardoned without a trial and set free. He is the representative head of the rebellion. There are others far more guilty in its inception perhaps, than he was, whom death and escape have taken beyond the reach of the law. Mr. Davis is perhaps the only political offender now in the United States, whose trial before a proper Court, is necessary, to sustain the honor of the government. His trial too is necessary to settle if possible, great constitutional principles and to impress the country more fully with the moral teachings of the rebellion. Every other man and woman in the government, who may be charged with political offences, might with perfect safety to the honor and the future of the government be pardoned and set free. But the representative character of Mr. Davis, demands that he have a full and impartial trial by his peers, before a civil tribunal, and if convicted of high treason, let the just sentence of the law be pronounced, and then let Executive pardon step in to save him for the remnant of days allotted him by his Maker, to his afflicted family.

Enough blood has been shed—ruin has whetted her plough share enough upon Southern property and enterprise. Civilization demand that the barbaric scaffold and gallows shall no longer be the penalty of political offences. Lessons taught by severe experience are lasting.—The people of the South to the latest generation can never forget the lessons taught them by the war, and he is blind to all reason who has learned nothing from them.

In giving place therefore to the touching effusion on third page, we do so more to encourage the genius of a young friend, than to endorse his teachings. Indeed his effusion is a well written fancy sketch, and as such we give it place.

Literary Notices.

THE ECLECTIC MAGAZINE, for September. This is an old and valued acquaintance from which we have been cut off by the war. It is still edited by the Rev. Mr. Bidwell and published at 5 Beekman St. N. Y. at $5 a year in advance. Each number is embellished by at least one fine engraving. This periodical is so well known that the best word we can say for it is, that this number is quite up to its excellent reputation. Subscribers can obtain complete sets of those numbers published during the war by applying to Mr. Bidwell. *Contents for Sept.* Notes and Notions from Italy, three Women of Letters; How we are to get through the Alps; Walter Savage Lander; Miss Cobbe's Ethical and Social Studies; A History of Lace; Napoleon and Queen Hortense; A History of Crochet; the turning Point in a Poet's Life; Reveries; Tuscan Sculpture: the Imperial Family of France; Poetry; Literary Notices; Science; Art: Varieties. In addition to this excellent bill of literary fare, there is a very fine engraving of the Imperial Family of France. Orders may be left with Messrs. Branson & Farrar, of this city.

BRAITHWAITE'S RETROSPECT.—This is a half yearly Journal of Practical Medicine and Surgery, and we believe stands at the head of Medical periodical literature in Europe and America.—It is a standard publication, edited by the Drs. Braithwaite of London. The copy before us is the American Reprint, published by *W. A. Townsend, 55 Walker St. N. Y.* at $3 50 a year in advance. The peculiar excellence of the "Retrospect" consists in this, that it contains in a small space, everything of marked value which appears from time to time in medical literature, carefully selected, condensed, arranged and made portable and practical, by gentlemen eminent in their profession. Medical facts, observations, discoveries, and improvements are here reproduced, with a digest of all the important transactions, of the Medical Societies and Associations of Europe and America. For the last fifteen years it has really contained the cream of Medical literature. The table of contents for July (the last published number) is so large that we have not space for it, but we cannot see how it is possible for any physician to glance over it without a desire to possess a copy.

PHYSICIANS' HAND BOOK OF PRACTICE—by Wm. Elmer, M. D., published by Wm. A. Townsend, 55 Walker St., N. Y.—This is a neat, pocket-book, bound in morocco, and gilt-edged. It has a Registry of Daily Practice for 68 Patients, so that with the greatest ease an account may be kept of the number of visits paid, medicine delivered, office practice, surgical and obstetrical cases, &c., &c. It has also a memorandum of cases and treatment, a classification of diseases, an alphabetical list of all known remedial agents, with doses, &c, index to the common names of remedial agents, list of incompatibles, a full classified list of poisons, with their symptoms, antidotes, and treatment, and a quantity of other matter we have not space to describe. Dr. Mott says that it is the best thing of the kind he has ever seen, and we, who are not of the profession, concur with Dr. Mott. It is revised and published every year. Physicians can order for 1866—Price $1.75. "Braithwaite" one year and the "Hand Book," $4, both prepaid."

A writer in Georgia describes a government tannery, grinding bark by no power visible at first, or suspected. The machinery is run by an underground creek a great curiosity. There are several similar streams in that region, soft limestone being favorable to sinks and submarine channels.

For the Sentinel.

"Strike, but Hear!"

"Strike, but hear!" was the self reliant exclamation of a great man, when his country's cause hung trembling in the balance. "Strike, but hear!" is our appeal from the illogical conclusions of "Davie" to the bar of public opinion. "I paint for posterity!" said the indignant Grecian, when reproached with the tardy execution of a work, which gave his name to fame. We, too, paint for the future, and tremblingly fling our waif along the shores of time, in the fond hope that "Athens shall be delivered of her frenzy and be more wise." We "plant our little bark upon the highest promontory on the seaside, and patiently wait the rising of the waters that it may float."

Davie, apparently armed with constitutional law, defiantly enters the field of honor, and tenders the glove of battle. He vauntingly asks, "When did North Carolina assume her territorial existence?" We answer. When she committed political suicide—when she took up the guage of battle, trampled the proud emblem of sovereignty in the dust, and impiously dragged at her feet the bleeding constitution of her country! This was political death—death is utter dissolution. We read the tragical account of the fall of Adam—his expulsion from the garden, as the result of his treason—the cherubim with his flaming sword, and the death of Abel! Byron, with a pen of fire, thus apostrophises this sad event:

"Abel, what's this? who hath done this? he moves not.
He breathes not! and his hands drop down from mine
With stony lifelessness.
* * * * * *
Father! Eve!
Adah! come hither! Death is in the world."

Who then can breath into this dead body organic existence? This would be to re-create, for death is dissolution. But omnipotent power alone can re-create. Re-creation, then, depends upon the exercise of supreme power. That supreme power is the constitution. The constitution lodges this power exclusively in the hands of Congress. Congress, then, is but a trustee. This is what is called delegated authority. Delegated authority may be abused, as its annals of infamy well show. The President himself is but the creature of the constitution. This fundamental law is his master. He may define a policy, and in the interim pursue it, but he can not, happily for us, make laws. Nay, he may determine—for this is within the scope of his constitutional duty, in times of peril—which is the legitimate government; and the world is bound by his action, but he can not constitute a State. He has a negative power only. He may recommend, but not originate. So enroll our name, then, among the proud galaxy of States—to rehabilitate and breathe into this dead body organic existence—to clothe us with constitutional power, the exercise of a high prerogative must be invoked. We must make application to the next Congress for admission. Without this admission, we are held in pupilage; we are shorn of our manhood by the power of the sword. The little liberty we enjoy is merely permissible. Liberty held by the tenure of *will*, is despotism—the mere charities of a good man. The law, then, is not merely suspended, but wholly annulled—it is not only shorn of its vigor, but is dead. That Congress has the power to reject our application is conclusive, and surrenders the question. Is Davie satisfied?

Davie, however, says if the Convention can annul contracts, it may therefore lawfully enter into treaties, may grant letters of marque and reprisal, coin money, emit bills of credit, &c., &c. Strange fallacy! But fortunately for mankind, fallacy is not argument, though it may come clothed in the patronizing smiles of learned editors. The Pythagorean's answer, "*the master says so*" dissolves before the light of reason—for reason is divine—and those who would worship at her shrine, or kneel at her altar, must bring purer gifts, gifts perfumed with the roses of heaven-born truth.

To drop metaphor, however, there is this radical distinction: these clauses would confer upon the State the exercise of supreme power, operating in future; and therefore wholly inconsistent with her primary allegiance, and as such would be utterly void. To become a State, to be born anew, to be reclothed with organic power, absolutely requires the surrender of sovereignty: without this it would be the creation of that anomaly defined in the books, "*an imperium in imperio.*" By express provision in our very constitution, the surrender of these sovereign clauses is a condition precedent to our admission, because they operate prospectively. The constitution of the United States restrains, it is true, the States *as* States, from passing any law in violation of contracts. It is a limitation of power. If the Convention by a fundamental rule, attempted to confer upon her subsequent Legislatures the power to annul contracts, this would be void, because she would then be subject to the supreme law which limits the exercise of her power and restrains her action. Contracts to be annulled, then, are those entered into when we were under no such obligation, and before the constitution threw over us the protecting limitation. In other words, the Convention may refuse to constitute a court having jurisdiction of past contracts, or delay their execution by perpetual imparlances. There is no clause in the supreme law restraining this power; and Congress has only the right, when we become a State, to see we do nothing then in contravention to our allegiance and superior obligations. Territorially, we are the creatures of legislative action, and our well-being depends upon congressional will.

Whether this would be an objection to our admission, is beside the argument, nor does it add to or take from it a scintilla. It is, indeed, but the *ad captandum*, which debaters find it convenient to evoke, when driven to the wall, but which serves no other purpose than to provoke a smile. Pursuing, strangely enough, this mode of argumentation, floundering in the mire which he creates, he adds, "this doctrine of repudiation would embrace taxes due the United States," and enumerating other pecuniary evils, proudly exclaims, much doubtless to his own satisfaction at least "what a land of law and liberty!" Profound logician! what has the consequences to do with the power? This might be good reason, in the judgment of Davie, not to exercise the power, but certainly does not strip the Convention of an inherent right.

To continue his argument, and support his cause, Davie cites the common-place doctrine of the civil law, with approval, "the debtor has in his possession so much in value, the sum of the debt of the creditor's property;" and then asks, upon what principle, can the sovereign power assume to take away the property of one man, and without price, bestow it on another?" "What can exhibit a grosser depravity of the heart?" I answer—let him answer—upon what principle the government of the United States took away our slaves, property guaranteed by the constitution, and without price bestowed upon them the boon of freedom? "Detestable agrarianism!" cries Davie, "that has for its object the equalization of all!" The equalization of all!! And who made you my superior—properly cries Davie! And is it indeed the fiat of earth—has it come to this, that gold makes the man, "the want of it the fellow?" Davie has not as yet learned in the bitter school of experience, or else he would not have asked such questions. He should know that the crown that adorns the brow of the monarch, adds not to his intrinsic worth—that virtue, unsullied virtue, is the diadem that glitters in the coronet of fame, and adds wealth to its possessor.

Bentham, whose profound logic startled the learned world, and before whose pen even the accomplished Blackstone quailed, says—see *Morals and Legislation*—"the beneficial nature of a law depends upon its consequences. We are to put the evils in the one scale—the good in the other—and weigh results." Perfection is not in man; he is finite, and can not penetrate the future with the keen eye of prescience. Reason is his distinguishing part, but it has so often misled, even the most gifted, that sometimes the question occurs, whether the surer instincts of the animal would not have been a higher prerogative. Aristotle's philosophy held the world of thought in chains for two thousand years. Bacon's productive theory opened a new realm, and scattered to the winds the syllogisms of the schools. Still, probabilities in the main, guided by the light of experience, are the chief means by which we arrive at conclusions. The evils that an irredeemable indebtedness would entail on posterity is patent to every one. No man can shut his eyes to the painful future. It reaches the whole. Riches, when attended with social evils, evils that, like the air we breathe, surround us, and make the possessor a beggar amid the wide-spread ruin—is of questionable utility to any one. The social system in Europe, with its lordly proprietors, meets the eye of travellers at every step of their journey—the palatial residences that here and there dot her green earth, in the midst of squalid poverty and beggared tenants—gives but a faint conception of our future destiny. But imagination reels as I write, let the curtain fall, and in the humble hope this destiny may not be our inheritance.

But "Davie" avoids as he would pestilence the Stay law and the Homestead bill. These would bring relief, are they too unconstitutional? Nor does he dare sustain Mr Moore's elaborate argument upon the legality of the debts created by the several counties to support the indigent families of those who battled for home and fireside! These are left to take care of themselves. Nor does he deny the figures which we employed to show our utter destitution; nor the argument that out of over seven hundred millions of property, with which to pay our debts, and from which taxes could be collected, we are now left with the small pittance of not more than 150,00,0000. This would make the taxes for the State government five times more on the same property than it was before the war—supposing we only required the same aggregate amount of taxes. But if we take the present condition of things it must swell infinitely beyond this ratio. These are painful facts, but they must be met now or hereafter; and it were worse than useless to disguise our condition.

NOW AND THEN.

President Johnson again Overules Secretary Stanton—A Methodist Church Squabble.

[Nashville, Tennessee Correspondence.]

Under Secretary Stanton's order, the chapel called the "McKendree Church," and its parsonage, in this city, were given in charge to Bishop Simpson, of the Northern branch of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and the Bishop filled the pulpit with one of the Northern clergy of that denomination. As might have been foreseen, the congregation accustomed to worship in the chapel dispersed to such other places as they could find more congenial to their tastes, and performed their devotions. Sometimes they had an opportunity to hear their own pastor, the Rev. Mr. Baldwin, of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, in a private house, or in a theatre, or in such place as occident might offer. The appointee of Bishop Simpson preached to congregations of strangers and migratory people.

But the rightful pastor, the Rev. Mr. Baldwin, applied to President Lincoln for possession, claiming that, whatever charges might have been made against him of a political nature, he had availed himself of the clemency dispensed to him as well as his lay fellow citizens, in the proclamation of amnesty; and that, while discharging his duty to the Government, he ought to be permitted also to discharge his duty to God, the Church, and his flock.

President Lincoln referred the matter to Andrew Johnson, then Military Governor of Tennessee, as one who, being on the ground, might view the matter by the light of all the surrounding circumstances, and decide justly. The Military Governor decided that Mr. Baldwin ought to have his church. But Mr. Secretary Stanton, it seems, overruled this decision; for the pastor detailed by Bishop Simpson, and his itinerant congregation, retained possession till very recently. Mr. Baldwin carried his complaint to Andrew Johnson again, and the latter, as President, sustained his own decision as Military Governor.

Since the church was delivered over to its proper owners, a Mr. A. A. Gee, of the usurping congregation, has published a card in the radical State organ, issued in this city, in which he complains that any one should couple President Lincoln with President Johnson, in the declaration that the McKendree Church is "restored to its former occupants with the decision and order of President Lincoln and President Johnson." He even asserts a fact which is much doubted here, that President Lincoln suspended the execution of Military Governor Johnson's decision. Then to put on a saucy face while eating humble pie, he declares the church and property thereto pertaining were given up in obedience to a mandate from Bishop Simpson.

ON THE WING.—An eloping couple from North Carolina, arrived in this city yesterday, en route to seek shelter from parental storms in a Northern city. The husband, who lost his all by the sinking of the Confederate ship, has since the termination of the war been started in business by a wealthy relative at the North. He returned to the Old North State some days since, to claim the lady of his affections, but met with stern opposition on the part of her parents. As usual, where obstacles are to be overcome, the genius of love becomes equal to the emergency, and in this instance an elopement was planned and executed. The young couple stopped at the house of a friend last night, and will continue their journey this morning. We have not learned that pursuit was given by the lady's relatives.—*Pet. Express.*

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.

Cotton quiet—sales 1000 bales at 45 cents.
Gold slightly advanced, and sold to-day at 144.
At the large fire Monday, 9,000 instead of 900 bales of cotton were burnt.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"CHURCH RECONSTRUCTION."

Letters of Rev Dr Deems and Rev Mr Moran of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and of Rev. Bishop Elliot of the Protestant Episcopal Church. In pamphlet form. Sent by mail, 10 cts. a copy. $1 a dozen. Address

WM. A. TOWNSEND, 55 Walker st N.Y.
BRANSON & FARRAR, Raleigh, N.C.
Sept 23d —1s.

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I HAVE JUST RETURNED FROM NEW YORK, with a large and well selected stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Hardware, Groceries and Crockery, which I offer for sale at the lowest prices. Call and examine the following beautiful goods:

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A GREAT VARIETY OL ZEPHYR KNIT Hoods, Scarfs, Zephyr Muffs and Tippies, Breakfast Shawls, Sontag's, Twilights Nubias, Ladies Log-Horn Hats, Pearl Braid Feather Hats, Black Pedal Victoria Hats, Ladies' trimmed Jockeys, Children's Velvet Glengarry Hats.

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NANSOOK, JACONET, BRILLIANTES, Irish Linen Handerchiefs, Ladies and Misses' Hose, Children's and Infants Hose, Linen Cuffs and Collars, Ribbons of every description, Ladies' Berlin Lisle Thread Gloves, Silk Tops, Corsetts, Men's Gloves, Combs, Buttons, Hair Oil, Extracts and Pomade.

MEN'S READY MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS AND CAPS.

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PAD LOCKS, RIM LOCKS, CHEST LOCKS, Files, Chisels, Augurs, Butt Hinges, Screws, Knives and Forks, Spoons, Shoe-Knives, Shoe thread, Awls, Hammers, Cotton and Wool Cards, Carriage Trimmings, &c.

Groceries.

Best Java Coffee, Rio Coffee,
Best Green Tea, Black Tea,
Crushed Sugar, Brown Sugar,
Best New Orleans Syrup, Soda,
Spice, Cloves, Nutmegs, Raisins,
Copperas, Candles, Pickles,
Black Pepper, Lorrillard Snuff,
Mustard, Race Ginger, London Sauce,
Butter, Cheese and Crackers, &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS ARE RESPECTFULLY invited to call and examine my assortment of Goods in store. I have interested in my business in New York, an agent, who will purchase at all times, additional goods required at the lowest wholesale prices. Therefore I can make it for your interest to buy of me any small amount of goods you may want.

J. KINSEY,

Fayetteville Street, corner of Market Square.
Raleigh, Sep. 23-41-tf.

NOTICE.

ON WEDNESDAY, THE 27TH OF SEPTEMBER, I shall sell to the highest bidder for cash all the perishable property of the late Mrs E T. Jones, at her former residence, consisting of stock of cattle, *improved breeds*—among them several Cows and Calves—Hogs and Sheep, Household and Kitchen furniture, one 4 Horse Waggon, Carts, and many other articles. Also the Fodder and Oats made on the place this year.

As there have been many articles taken from the place since the armies passed by different persons, I now advise all such persons to carry back all such articles and deliver them up to Mr. Harvey Chapel, who will receive them.

The place is for rent privately.

N PRICE, Executor.

Wake County, N. C., Sep. 19, 1865-1w.

CITY AND STATE ITEMS.

We learn that our old friend S. D. Pool Esq, proposes to edit a daily paper in Goldsboro to be printed by Mr. J. B. Whitaker. We wish them success.

J. Kinsey it will be seen offers a fine assortment of new goods, just opened.

DELEGATES.—The delegates elect in this County addressed the people at the Court House on yesterday. Messrs. Harrison Moore and Hodge returned thanks for the vote given them. Mr. Pennington being present was called out, and gracefully acknowledged his defeat. Under the circumstances, the vote was a very flattering one to Messrs. Hodge, Harrison and Moore.

Election Returns.

The following is the result of the election for the State Convention on Thursday last. We give the result in some counties as indicated by the returns, as far as heard from.

WAKE COUNTY.

Official returns not to hand. Two precincts yet to hear from. The following is the aggregate vote:

Henderson A. Hodge,	1547;
William H. Harrison,	1270;
Bartholomew F. Moore,	1117;
Wm. H. Hood,	685;
John L. Pennington,	469;

Carteret.—James Rumley.

Craven.—C. C. Clark, M. E. Manly.

Lenoir.—R. W. King.

Orange.—Samuel F. Phillips, John Berry.

Guilford, D. F. Caldwell, R. P. Dick, Jonathan Harris.

Rowan.—N. Boyden. Dr. Jones.

Franklin.—P. H. Winston.

Granville.—R. B. Gilliam, Eugene Grissom, third man doubtful.

Halifax.—W. W. Brickell, Edward Conigland.

Northampton.—John B. Odom, Wm. Barrow.

Partial returns from Chatham warrant no conclusion.

New Hanover.—W. A. Wright and S. D. Wallace are probably elected.

Wilson.—Judge Howard and G. W. Blount are most likely the successful candidates.

GENERAL NEWS.

TOBACCO.—Yesterday, Messrs. Martin & Tannahill, sold at Oaks' Warehouse, eight hogsheads of Tobacco belonging to the estate of the late Capt. Geo. T. Baskerville, of Granville county, N. C, for which they got the following good prices:

1 hhd lugs, $12; 1 hhd. mixed leaf, $26; 1 hhd leaf, $30; 1 hhd. do, $30 ½; 1 hhd. do, $35½; 1 hhd. do., $36; 1 hhd. do. $37½; 1 hhd. do., $42.—The six best averaging $35.20.

The National Cemetery at Antietam will be twice as large as the cemetery at Getteysburg, and contains almost twice as many graves.

General Butler has united with the republican party of Massachusetts, and made a speech in favor of negro suffrage.

SHOES.—The Lynn (Mass.) *Bulletin* says that the value of the shoes sold in Lynn during the month of July was but little short of seven hundred thousand dollars, while in June over a million dollars' worth were sold, and in May last one million one hundred thousand dollars' worth. Last month's return, when published, will probably come well up to the latter figure.

At Elmyra, New York, lately, an indignant husband applied to a justice of the peace for a warrant against a Baptist clergyman, his offence being that he had baptised complainant's wife without his knowledge.

After a long controversy it has been decided to admit colored children at Newport, R. I., into the same schools as white children.

What would have been said had Chief Justice Taney appeared at a political meeting in Ohio escorted by Senator Pugh, to listen to a speech from Representative Long?

F. H. Smith, of Birmingham, Connecticut, lately coughed up an ounce ball, which went nearly through his head at the battle of Averysboro', North Carolina, and could not be previously extracted.

The trains on the Charlotte and South Carolina railroad now run to Winnsboro', South Carolina.

AN EPISCOPAL DIFFICULTY.—Bishop Whitehouse of the Episcopal Diocese of Illinois, some months since prohibited the Rev. J. W. Cracraft from officiating at Grace Church, Galesburg, for the technical irregularity of not having presented his dismissory papers from the Diocese of Ohio, and for political preaching. His congregation refused to give him up and the Convention now in session at Chicago voted to expel them from the Diocese. It is said this will be made the subject of an appeal to the General Convention of the Episcopal Church, which is soon to meet at Philadelphia.

SUFFERING CONFEDERATE TROOPS.—There are still several thousand Confederate soldiers sick, wounded and dying, scattered along in the hospitals and out buildings, sheds, etc, throughout Virginia, Carolina, and other portions of the Atlantic States, who are utterly destitute of means, and unable to reach their homes. The government has been very kind to them in furnishing transportation as far as the lines of railway were in order; but once landed at the *termini*, these poor fellows were compelled to accept such accommodations as they could; and in a country such as the South now is, we need not tell our readers that their case was anything but what it should be. Not that the people among whom they were thrown were not willing to aid and nurse them, but they lacked the means to do so, and thousands of these sufferers are at this very hour languishing and dying for the want of a mere trifle of that assistance which our city has extended to so many in like condition and distress. Who will aid them? They were once our foes, to be sure, but they were brave men, and they are now our brethren. Rev. C. K Marshall, whose name is a household word in the South, and one of the true apostles of peace, has called upon us to say that he will receive donations of money, blankets, or clothing, in aid of these gallant fellows; and anything forwarded to him in care of the proprietor of the St. Nicholas Hotel, will receive his personal attention and disbursement.

We commend him to to the confidence, and his good work to the benevolence of our readers. —*N. Y. World.*

LATEST NEWS.

By the politeness of the Express Agent and Mr. Harris we have latest dates.

The New York Republican Convention at Syracuse, endorse President Johnson and ignore negro suffrage in its platform.

A fire broke out in New York on the 30th in the American Rice Mills and consumed property to the amount of half a million.

Mr. Davis is still confined in his cell at Fortress Monroe.

The Fenian movement still excites interest and gives the British government trouble.

J. Madison Wells has been appointed Provisional Governor of Louisiana with similar powers to those already appointed.

The following letter to the President from Gov. Perry is made public:

COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 19.

President Johnson:

The Convention have repealed the ordinance of Secession. The committee have reported in favor of abolishing slavery, equalizing representation electing the Governor and Presidential Electors by the people, and voting viva voce in the Legislature. These measures will all pass. Everything here is harmonious. Thompson, a delegate irregularly elected by the Northern citizens, at Beaufort, was permitted to take his seat. B. F. PERRY.

The Alabama Convention passed a resolution requesting the Governor to call out the militia to suppress disorder. The ordinance abolishing slavery is under discussion.

S. H. Wiley, Esq., of Salisbury, has been appointed collector of internal revenue for the third District in this State.

Gold sold in New York on the 21st at 144 1 4. North Carolina old sixes at 79¼. Cotton, middlings 46 cts.

For the Sentinel.

To His Excellency President Johnson.
THE NOBLE CAPTIVE.

The storm has passed and mighty is the change.
A pleasant calm sleeps on the Southern sky,
The fields that but a few short months ago
Were nauseous with the horrid stench of war,
Now daily with an atmosphere as pure
As ever spread its lustrous veil above
The honored beds of heroes. The waters once
That sluggish moved congulate with gore
Of those who fell upon their groaning banks,
Now sweetly laugh along as though they wished
To fill with music their eternal dream.
From the red ashes of intestine war
Is rising in resistless majesty
A country purified. Long buried Hope
Comes beauteous from her sepulchre, and casts
A tender radiance o'er the Southern heart.
The giant form Exertion, so long hid
Beneath the clouds of war, has once more stretched
His brawny arm across our grateful soil,
And plenty, thrift and all their train arise,
To greet their mighty sire. All these are here
To mend the shattered ship of state
And bear it on its glorious errand o'er
The beating sea of time. But where the form,
The soft eyed form of Love? she with the power
To bend the hearts of millions into one?
Look hanging o'er yon isolated cell
That gloomy lifts its frowning brow above
The honored banks of the immortal James!
There with her rosy infant, Happiness,
Hung to her generous breast she struggles hard
To rend the chain and fly upon the ship;
Her wings are free and all her bands are loose
Save that which binds her to the noble form
Of our imprisoned hero. All that is strong
'Twas woven years ago in times of peace
And strengthened mid the dashing of the storms
Across our troubled heart, when life and blood,
Like rain, were poured to lift above our land
A banner to which clung, *we thought*, the form
Of Liberty and Truth
By this, while thundering o'er the rugged path,
Where error urged us with its stubborn arm,
We led him to the captives doom, by this,
Amid the lustre of the sun of Truth
That burst so radiant on our night clad eye,
We'd pull him from his cell and with him bring
The sunny form of Love and Happiness
To brighten Freedom's footsteps and enhance
The glory of Columbia's march.
But lone the captive pines
In his damp dungeon with no one nigh
To ease the aching of his heart, to cheer
His lonely hours and turn away the doom
That seems to hang above his fearless head,
While millions quite as guilty, walk the earth,
Are pardoned and are free.

Sunny Side, Halifax Co., N. C J. E. M.

Our Western Counties.

We have conversed with a gentleman, also just from the trans-mountain region of North Carolina, in whose statements the most implicit confidence can be placed, and his report is, that the condition of affairs in our extreme western counties is as bad, if not worse than they are in East Tennessee. In several of these counties, the returned Confederate soldiers are being murdered and driven off, and their property stolen or destroyed. Women and children, even, are treated in the most brutal manner, because they happen to belong to the families of Southern sympathizers, although, now, disposed to be quiet and loyal citizens to the government. A Baptist Association, was fired into, and several women and children wounded by these miscreants of blood and plunder. Thus it would appear, that the violence and lawlessness, which finds protection in East Tennessee, is extending rapidly over in the border in this direction, and it should be put down at all hazards. We call the attention of the authorities, National and State, to the deplorable condition of affairs on our Western border.—*Statesville American.*

We learn that measures have been adopted to put a stop to and to punish those engaged in the outrages above alluded to. Gen. Ruger and Gov. Holden will do all in their power to arrest and punish lawless men and put an end to outrage and strife.—ED. SENTINEL.

GEN. SCHOFIELD.—Major General Schofield, commanding the Department of North Carolina, arrived at Washing on Friday. On Saturday morning he had an interview with President Johnson.

RALEIGH MONEY MARKET.

Corrected daily by JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., Brokers and Dealers in Exchange.

BUYING RATES.

Gold $1 42½; Silver 1 38.

Old N. C. Bonds 72 with all the coupons on since 1861.

New York Exchange—par.

N. C. Bank Notes—Charlotte Miners & Planters 35, and Lexington 25. Bank of N. C., Cape Fear, Farmer's, 35. Merchants and Roxboro 35. Wadesboro, Wilmington, and Commerce 20. Commercial 20, Greensboro' Mutual, 15. Washington, Fayetteville, Clarendon and Yanceyville, 15.

Virginia and Southern notes 20 to 90.

Old Coupons 37½.

N. C. Rail Road Coupons 50.

Newbern District—Fourth Round.

Sept. 30,	Oct. 1.	Goldsboro'.
Oct. 7,	8	Beaufort.
" 14,	15,	Wilson.
" 16,	17,	Wilson at Pleasant Grove.
" 21,	22,	Trent, at Adam's Creek.
" 28,	29,	Straits.
Nov. 4,	5,	Smithfield, at Clayton
" 11,	12,	Snow Hill, at Hookerton.
" 18,	19,	Newbern.
" 25,	26,	Everettsville, at Estesville

The official members at Kinston and Lenoir Institute will please meet at Hookerton.

CHARLES F. DEEMS, P. E.

Arrivals at the Yarborough House,

SEPTEMBER 21st, 1865.

Miss Walker, St. Marys; Dr. G M. Ward, Greene Co.; Capt. Wallace Thomasville N. C.; A G Hubbard Newbern; E Gregory Connecticut; J Alander Conn.; A H Manning Conn.; Nathan L Mosely Warrenton N. C; Tho's Roberts Wilmington; Daniel R. Goodloe Warrenton; Mrs. Bryce Charlotte; Dr. L W Martin Beaufort; Dr. A N Turner Monroe Co; Dr. A B Chapin N. C; W F Kennedy, N C.

THE

NEW LINE STEAMERS,

FROM

Richmond to City Point, Fortress Monroe, Norfolk and Baltimore,

CONNECTING

At City Point with Rail Roads from Petersburg, Gaston, Raleigh, Charlotte and Columbia, S. C.

HAVING NEW AND ELEGANT STEAMERS not equaled by any other line, it is the best, most expeditious and most comfortable Route and Line going North. It leaves Richmond at 6 A M and connects at the above-named wharves, and arrives in Baltimore to Breakfast.

Through tickets given to Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, and all other Northern and Western cities.

C E. DUNN, Agent
Gaston, N. C.

C J TROWBRIDGE, Agent
Sep. 22-40 1m. Petersburg Va.

NEW GOODS!
NEW GOODS!!
NEW GOODS!!!

HENSHAW & THORBURN,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN ELEGANT assortment of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
DELAINS ALL WOOL,
MERINOS ALL WOOL,
BOMBAZINES, ALPACCAS,
AND
THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF PRINTS
ever brought to this market!

DRESS TRIMMINGS, A BEAUTIFUL SELECTION of
BALMORAL SKIRTS,
EVERY VARIETY OF HOOP SKIRTS.

A LARGE LOT OF GLOVES A HANDSOME assortment of Ladies and Misses Hats, and Children's Mantles, all wool.

—ALSO—

A FINE LOT OF LADIES AND MISSES SHOES.

PURCHASERS WILL FIND IT TO THEIR ADvantage to call and see our stock before buying e sewhere. We have made arrangements to keep on hand constantly a large and complete assortment of Goods of every description to suit this market.

☞ Give us a call.

HENSHAW & THORBURN,

Next Door to P. F. Pescud's Drug Store.
Raleigh, Sep. 22 40-tf.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

50 BALES OF COTTON, 15 HOGSHEADS OF TOBACCO,
HORSES, COWS, HOGS SHEEP, &c,, &c.
STOCK MEDICINES, MEDICAL BOOKS,
MEDICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c.

—ALSO—

Household and Kitchen Furniture, Farming Utensils, Carriage, Sulkey, &c.

AS ADMINISTRATOR, WITH THE WILL ANnexed of Dr. Joseph B. Mann, deceased, I shall sell, at public auction, at his late residence in the County of Franklin, on Thursday, the 5th day of October next the perishable property belonging to the estate of the deceased, on the "Home Plantation," consisting of 50 bales of Cotton, 15 hogsheads of Tobacco, 6 Horses and Mules, a large number of Cows, Hogs and Sheep, a valuable lot of Medicines, Medical Books, Medica Instruments, &c, Carriage, Sulkey, Household and Kitchen furniture, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

On the day following will be sold, at the "Peabody Harris" plantation, 4 Horses, Mules, Cows, Hogs, Farming Utensils, 7,000 pounds of Seed Cotton, a large lot of Cotton Seed, Cotton Gin, &c., &c.

On the same day, respectively, the two plantations will be rented out for the following year, unless previously disposed of.

A credit of six months will be given. Bonds with approved security will be required. Terms more particularly specified on the day of sale.

HARVIL HARRIS, Administrator
With the will annexed of Jos B. Mann, Dec'd.
Franklin County, N. C., Sep. 19-38-tds.

$75 REWARD!

STOLEN FROM MY STABLE IN RALEIGH ON the night of the 19th instant, a large sorrel Horse with the left fore foot just above the hoof. He has mark's of harness on him. His foretop is cut short. A fine McClellan Saddle and Bridle.

A reward of $75 will be paid for the horse and saddle and bridle and for the apprehension of the thief.

SION H. ROGERS.

Raleigh, September 20th 1865 - 3tw.

IF LIEUTENANT LEAC, OF THE 23RD Regiment North Carolina Troops, Johnson's Brigade, Army Northern Virginia will send his address to "Marion" he will oblige an old comrade.

Address "MARION"
September 8-16-1w pd. Raleigh N. C.

Houses and Lots on Hillsboro Street for Sale.

WE OFFER FOR SALE TWO HOUSES AND lots on Hillsboro Street, Raleigh N. C.

One lot contains one and a half acres, good house on it with five rooms, good out buildings, stables and carriage house. The other lot contains two acres, good house on it with seven rooms, good out buildings, stables and carriage house.

Both houses are well located in good order, and gas in each.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Sep. 15 38-tf.

TO the Members of the Approaching Convention: I shall be a Candidate for the Principal Clerkship of the North Carolina State Convention, which is called to meet in Raleigh on the 2nd day of October next. Respectfully,

Aug. 18-td JAMES H. MOORE.

To the Members of the Approaching Convention:

The subscriber respectfully announces himself a candidate for the office of Assistant Doorkeeper to the approaching State Convention.

PEYTON P. WILLIAMS.

Aug. 30, 1865 td-pd.

SITUATION WANTED AS A TEACHER

A YOUNG gentleman of education and experience as a Teacher, desires to be employed as a classical, English and French Teacher, either in an Academy or private school. The best of references will be given. Early application is desired. A letter addressed to the editor of the *Sentinel* will receive a prompt reply.

Raleigh, September 6, 1865 26 1w.

COOKE'S HOTEL

IS open, and those who are travelling and wish comfortable quarters and good eating, stop at Cooke's. My terms will be as moderate as possible for the times. You will always find conveyance at the depot to take you to either of the Hotels in this City; but be sure to inquire for Cook's, where you will get *good living, good eating, min ral water* to drink, and a *pipe* to smoke if you wish it.

I will be prepared to accommodate 15 or 20 members of the approaching Convention.

GEO. T. COOKE.

September 1, 1865 23 tf

COTTON GINS
AT
AUCTION.

ON TUESDAY, 26TH INST, AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M., we will sell on wharf in front of the office lately occupied by Messrs. DeRosset & Son, 12 COTTON GINS, of superior manufacture, new and in perfect order. CRONLY & MORRIS,

Wilmington Sept 18 37 td. Auctioneers.

Charleston Courier, Richmond Times, copy this sale and send bill to Cronly & Morris.

Wanted,

A SITUATION AS TEACHER, IN SOME peasant neighborhood in this State by one, who is prepared to impart instruction in the English branches Latin and the rudiments of Greek. Satisfactory testimonials of capability now in possession given by the professors of Hampden Sidney College, Va., will be presented, if desired.

Persons desirous of employing a teacher can address for the present. W. J. H.

7 1t pd. Gaston, N. C.

PORT WARDEN'S SALE.

ON SATURDAY, 23RD INST. AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M. we will sell at the Custom House in this city, under inspection of the Port Warden's and with the consent of the French Consul, for and on account of whom it may concern, all the cargo saved from the wreck of the Barque "Carolina," stranded upon trying Pan Soon upon her voyage from Havana, Cuba, to Havre, France, viz:

200,000 superior Havana Segars,
46 boxes Havana Brown Sugar,
2 bags Havana Brown Sugar,
79 ounces leather,
Lot of Copper,
1 tin case indigo,
1 case Claret.

Conditions cash upon delivery.

CRONLY & MORRIS,

Wilmington, Sep 18-38 tds Auctioneers.

Charleston Courier and Richmond Times copy till sale and send bill to Cronly and Morris.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS FOR 1865

A. CREECH HAS THE PLEASURE TO INform his friends and customers and the public generally, that he has just returned from New York, where he has selected with great care a large and good assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

Embracing the newest styles and latest importations. Together with Hats Caps, Boots, Shoes, Hoop Skirts, Ladies' Cloaks, Ladies' and Misses Straw Hats, trimmed; Ladies' untrimmed Bonnets, &c, &c.

I have also in addition to my stock of Dry Goods, a very superior stock of

GROCERIES,

which will be sold at prices so as to insure sale; and have opened in the R. Smith building, formerly occupied by Creech & Litchford, Commission Merchants and Auctioneers, corner of Hargett and Fayetteville Streets.

I am not going to puff and blow, and say that I bought more goods than any man living, and can sell cheaper than any other man, or sell more. Nor do I pretend to say that I can cut a man's head off and stick it on again with wax, that he will live, walk and talk again. I deal in no such humbug, but I say CALL and LOOK for yourselves. I will deal with you honestly and treat you right.

I return my thanks for your liberal patronage which I have received for the last fifteen years. I hope by honest dealing and strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same.

A. CREECH

Sept. 13-37 1w.

NOTICE.

To the Justices of the Peace in Wake County

IN obedience to an order made by a called Court, which met at the Court House on the 9th day of Sept. 1865, you are requested to meet at the Court House in the city of Raleigh on Saturday the 30 inst., to transact important business.

J. J. FERRELL, C. C. C.

Sept. 19-td.

JOB WORK

Of every description executed at this office with neatness and dispatch.

A NEW ITEM IN OUR BUSINESS!

Gentlemen's Ready-Made Clothing.

READY MADE CLOTHING!!

CLOTHING
READY MADE,

Youth's Ready Made
CLOTHING!

Ready Made Clothing
FOR BOYS.

WE OFFER A LARGE STOCK OF READY MADE Clothing, gotten up especially for City Trade.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!!

The largest assortment of

Hats, Hats, Hats, Hats, Hats, Hats,

Of every style and quality, from the cheapest American Wool to the finest French Felt.

W. H & R. S. TUCKER.

GENTLEMENS
FURNISHING GOODS!

Gent's FURNISHING GOODS. | *Gent's FURNISHING GOODS.*

A Large Stock

MERINOS, WOOL AND SILK UNDER GARMENTS,

CRAVATS, SHOES.
NECK TIES, GLOVES,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
SOCKS, SUSPENDERS,
LINEN SHIRTS, LINEN AND PAPER COLLARS,
&c., &c., &c., &c.

Public attention is directed to the above line of Goods. Give us a call.

☞ We are determined to sell.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Raleigh, September 19-37-tf

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL BE ABSENT IN EUrope the next two or three months, and hopes to resume the business formerly conducted by DeRosset & Brown, about the 1st of January next.

My sons, W. L. DeRosset and A. L. DeRosset, are fully empowered to attend to any business for me in my absence. A. J. DeROSSET.

Wilmington, N. C, Sept 13 3t.

J. W. ATKINSON & CO.,
COMMISSION AND FORWARDING
MERCHANTS,
AND
Agents for

SECURITY FIRE & MAINE INSURANCE COMpany, New York.
Equitable Fire Insurance Company, New York.
Peabody Fire Insurance Company, Baltimore.
Mary and Life Insurance Company, Baltimore.
Wilmington, N C, Sep. 16-3 3m pd.

Nails! Nails!!

20 KEGS OF NAILS, ASSORTED SIZES, FOR sale by

W. R ANDREWS.

Sept mb r 15, 1865 34 tf

WANTED,
BEESWAX & TALLOW.

WE WILL pay the highest price either in cash or trade, for any quantity of Beeswax and Tallow

WM H SMITH & CO.

27-tf

TWENTY-FIVE MEMBERS OF THE Convention can be accommodated at the PLANTERS HOTEL. Good rooms, attentive servants, and good things to eat will be furnished.

Terms moderate. Patronage solicited.

WM T. BAIN,
For A. J. Parvin.

Rbleigh, Sep. 19, 1865-3w.

HUGHES & DILL,
COMMISSION AND SHIPPING MERCHANTS,
NEW BERNE, N. C.

CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton, Naval Stores and Tobacco will have our prompt attention.

Agents for Murray's line of Steamships to New York, and sailing vessels for Baltimore and Philadelphia.

T. J. HUGHES, Newbern.
G. W. DILL, Morehead City. au 8 2m

B. L. PERRY & SON,
Commission
AND
FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
BEAUFORT, N. C.

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON AND OTHER country produce will receive prompt attention.

All articles directed to us at Morehead City will be disposed of according to the shipper's desire.

Beaufort Sept. 14, 1865 34 1m-pd.

NOTICE.

Buying, Selling and Leasing Real Estate.

ALL Persons wishing to buy, sell or lease Real Estate, are invited to call up at the corner store Hotel on the corner of Wilmington and Davie sts. Raleigh N. C, who promises to give their business his prompt attention, and spare no pains that will enable him to give entire satisfaction.

Being well known to the citizens of Raleigh and Wake County, the undersigned hopes they will not hesitate to put their business in his hands.

GEORGE I. COOKE,
Agent for Wake Co. of the Phoenix Insu. Co.
sep 2, 1865 24 tf.

DAILY SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1865.

MODERN GALLANTRY.

BY CHARLES LAMB.

In comparing modern with ancient manners, we are pleased to compliment ourselves upon the point of gallantry; a certain obsequiousness, or deferential respect, which we are supposed to pay to females, as females.

I shall believe that this principle actuates our conduct, when I can forget, that in the nineteeth century of the era from which we date our civility, we are but just beginning to leave off the very frequent practice of whipping females in public, in common with the coarsest male offenders.

I shall believe it to be influential, when I can shut my eyes to the fact, that in England women are still occasionally—hanged.

I shall believe in it, when actresses are no longer subject to be hissed off a stage by gentlemen.

I shall believe in it, when Dorimant hands a fish wife across the kennel; or assists the apple-woman to pick up her wandering fruit, which some unlucky dray has just dissipated.

I shall believe in it, when the Dorimants in humbler life, who would be thought in their way notable adepts in this refinement, shall act upon it in places where they are not known, or think themselves not observed—when I shall see the traveller for some rich tradesman part with his admired box-coat, to spread it over the defenceless shoulders of the poor woman, who is passing to her parish on the roof of the same stage coach with him, drenched in the rain—when I shall no longer see a woman standing up in the pit of a London theatre, till she is sick and faint with the exertion, with men about her, seated at their ease, and jeering at her distress; till one, that seems to have more manners or conscience than the rest, significantly declares 'she should be welcome to his seat, if she were a little younger and handsomer." Place this dapper warehouseman, or that rider, in a circle of their own female acquaintance, and you shall confess you have not seen a politer-bred man in Lothbury.

Lastly, I shall begin to believe that there is some such principle influencing our conduct, when more than one half of the drugery and coarse servitude of the world shall cease to be performed by women.

Until that day comes, I shall never believe this boasted point to be any more than a conventional fiction; a pageant go up betwixt the sexes, in a certain rank, and a certain time of life, in which both find their account equally.

I shall be even disposed to rank it among the salutary fictions of life, when in polite circles I shall see the same attentions paid to age as to youth, to homely features as to handsome, to course complexions as to clear—to the woman, as she is a woman, not as she is a beauty, a fortune, or a title.

I shall believe it to be something more than a name, when a well dressed gentleman in a well dressed company can advert to the topic of *female old age* without exciting, and intending to excite, a sneer: when the phrases "antiquated virginity," and such a one has "overstood her market," pronounced in good company, shall raise immediate offence in man, or woman, that shall hear them spoken

Joseph Paice, of Broad-street hill, merchant, and one of the Directors of the South Sea Company—the same to whom Edwards, the Shakspeare commentator, has addressed a fine sonnet—was the only pattern of consistent gallantry I have met with. He took me under his shelter at an early age, and bestowed some pains upon me. I owe to his precepts and example whatever there is of the man of business (and that is not much) in my composition. It was not his fault that I did not profit more. Though bred a Presbyterian, and brought up a merchant, he was the finest gentlemen of his time. He had not *one* system of attention to females in the drawing-room, and another in the shop, or at the stall, I do not mean that he made no distinction. But he never lost sight of sex, or overlooked it in the casualties of a disadvantageous situation. I have seen him stand bareheaded—smile if you please—to a poor servant girl, while she has been inquiring of him the way to some retreat—in such a posture of unforced civility, as neither to embarrass her in the acceptance, nor himself in the offer of it. He was no dangler, in the common acceptation of the word, after women; but he reverenced and upheld, in every form it came before him, *womanhood*. I have seen him—nay, smile not—tenderly escorting a market woman, whom he had encountered in a shower, exalting his umbrella over her poor basket of fruit, that it might receive no damage, with as much carefulness as if she had been a Countess. To the reverend form of female Eld he would yield the wall (though it were to an ancient beggar-woman) with more ceremony than we can afford to show our grandams. He was the Preux Chevalier of the Age; the Sir Calidore, or Sir Tristan, to those who have no Calidores or Tristans to defend them. The roses, that had long faded thence, still bloomed for him in those withered and yellow cheeks.

He was never married, but in his youth he paid his addresses to the beautiful Su-an Winstanley—old Winstanley's daughter of Clapton—who dying in the early days of their courtship, confirmed in him the resolution of perpetual bachelorship. It was during their short courtship, he told me, that he had been one day treating his mistress with a profusion of civil speeches—the common gallantries—to which kind of thing she had hitherto manifested no repugnance—but in this instance with no effect. He could not obtain from her a decent acknowledgment in return. She rather seemed to resent his compliments. He could not set it down to caprice, for the lady had always shown herself above that littleness. When he ventured on the following day, finding her a little better humored, to expostulate with her on her coldness of yesterday, she confessed with her usual frankness, that she had no sort of dislike to his attentions; that she could even endure some high flown compliments; that a young woman placed in her situation had a right to expect all sort of civil things said to her; that she hoped she could digest a dose of adulation, short of insincerity, with as little injury to her humility as most young women: but that—a little before he had commenced his compliments—she had overheard him by accident, in rather rough language, rating a young woman, who had not brought home his cravats quite at the appointed time, and she thought to herself, "As I am Miss Susan Winstanley, and a young lady—a reputed beauty, and known to be a fortune,—I can have my choice of the finest speeches from the mouth of this very fine young gentleman who is courting me—but if I had been poor Mary Such-a-one (*meaning the milliner*).—and had failed of bringing home the cravats to the appointed hour—though perhaps I had sat up half the night to forward them—what sort of compliments should I have received then? And my woman's pride came to my assistance; and I thought, if it were only to do *me* honor, a female, like myself, might have received handsomer usage; and I was determined not to accept any fine speeches, to the compromise of that sex, the belonging to which was after all my strongest claim and title to them."

I think the lady discovered both generosity, and a just way of thinking, in this rebuke which she gave her lover; and I have sometimes imagined, that the uncommon strain of courtesy, which through life regulated the actions and behavior of my friend towards all of womankind indiscriminately, owed its happy origin to this seasonable lesson from the lips of his lamented mistress.

I wish the whole female world would entertain the same notion of these things that Miss Winstanley showed. Then we should see something of the spirit of consistent gallantry; and no longer witness the anomaly of the same man—a pattern of true politeness to a wife—of cold contempt, or rudeness, to a sister—the idolator of his female mistress—the disparager and dispiser of his no less female aunt, or unfortunate—still female—maiden cousin. Just so much respect as a woman derogates from her own sex, in whatever condition placed—her handmaid, or dependent—she deserves to have diminished from herself on that score; and probably will feel the diminution, when youth, and beauty, and advantages, not inseparable from sex, shall lose of their attraction. What a woman should demand of a man in courtship, or after it, is first—respect for her as she is a woman;—and next to that—to be respected by him above all other women. But let her stand upon her female character as upon a foundation; and let the attentions, incident to individual preference, be so many pretty additaments and ornaments—as many, and as fanciful, as you please—to that main structure. Let her first lesson be with sweet Susan Winstanley—*to reverence her sex.*

DISSOLUTION.

THE UNDERSIGNED SOME MONTHS SINCE having associated themselves together to carry on the Commission and Forwarding business, in New-Berne, N. C., and circumstances having arisen which render it impracticable for the junior partner to remove to that place, therefore, by mutual consent, the Co-partnership is this day dissolved. The business will be settled up and continued by J. F. Foard, the senior partner.

JNO. F. FOARD,
W. H. CUNINGGIM.

The Junior partner most cheerfully recommends the House of Dr. Foard to public favor and patronage.

Sep. 11-33-tf. W. H. CUNINGGIM.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PEACE INSTITUTE are requested to be present in person or by proxy, at a meeting to be held on important business, in the City of Raleigh on the 5th of October, 1865.

This notice is given to enable Stockholders at a distance to send in their proxies by the delegates to the State Convention.

T. McGEE, Treasurer, &c.

Raleigh, Sep. 10, 1865-29 sodtloct.

NOTICE.

PERSONS holding claims against the Insane Asylum, are earnestly requested to present them to the undersigned immediately.

ED. D. FISHER,
Physician and Superintendent.

Sep. 6, 1865-27 2w.

NEW GOODS!
NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED AT

SMITH & CO.'S

NO. 22 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

Raleigh, N. C.

WE have just returned from New York with a fine assortment of Fall Goods, consisting of

SILKS, MERINOS
ALL WOOL, DELAINES,
BOMBAZINES, ALAPACAS,
PRINTS, BLEACHED AND
UNBLEACHED DOMESTIC,
GOODS, JACONET MUSLIN
CAMBRICS, CORSET
JEANS, MARSEILLES,
IRISH LINEN, TABLE
CLOTHS, NAPKINS, LADIES AND MISSES COTTON HOSE, &c., &c., &c.

A FINE assortment of Ledies' Dress Trimmings, Cambric and Linen Handkerchiefs, Collars and Cuffs, Velvet and Silk Ribbons, Bonnet and Belt Ribbons, Edgings, &c.

A FINE assortment of Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, Shawls, &c.

A FINE assortment of choice Perfumes, Pomades, Toilet Soaps, Combs, Brushes, &c.

A Good assortment of Men's, Boys, and Children's Hats, Gentlemen's Cotton Hose, Handkerchiefs, Linen and Paper Collars, &c.

A Good assortment of Groceries kept constantly on hand.

All of the above, as well as many other articles not mentioned, will be sold cheap for cash.

Give us a call.

27-tf. WM. H. SMITH & CO.

KITTRELL'S SPRINGS
FEMALE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, N. C.

THE Fall Session of this new Institution will open on the 1st Wednesday in October next.

For particulars, see Circular, or address

REV. C. B. RIDDICK,
21- Kittrell's Springs, N. C.

CASTINGS.

TO accommodate the public the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad Company will make CASTINGS of any kind when the Patterns are furnished at their shops.

ALBERT JOHNSON,
Aug 23 tf. Gen'l Sup't.

THE OLD LINE OPEN.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER,

HAVING SOLD OUT THEIR FIRST PURCHASE, now offer an entirely new and extensive stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

selected with great care by our Col. Tucker, and especially adapted to the wants of this community.—Our house having been in constant operation for more than forty years before the war, and now resuming with a Cash Capital, we can offer great inducements both to the **Wholesale and Retail Trade.**

Our line of Ladies' Dress Goods will be complete in the next ten days, comprising all the latest and most desirable Styles. W H & R S TUCKER.

A BEAUTIFUL STOCK OF LADIES' AND MISses Hats, in Straw and Velvet. Call and see them. W H & R S TUCKER.

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!!

THAT LOT OF FINE HATS SO LONG EXPECTed, has arrived. Those in search of a place for the skull can find here a stylish Golgotha.

W H & R S TUCKER.

A New Item in Our Business.

WE OFFER A LARGE STOCK OF READY Made Clothing, consisting of Gent's and Youth's Business Suits. Also, Coats, Vests and Pants separately. W H & R S TUCKER.

SHOES! SHOES!! SHOES!!!

AN EXTENSIVE STOCK OF THE BEST QUALities for Gentlemen, Ladies, Misses and Children. W H & R S TUCKER.

Confectionaries! Confectionaries!!

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF FRENCH CANDIES Prunes; Raisins, Citron &c. W H & R S TUCKER.

Toilet Articles! Toilet Articles!!

FANCY SOAPS, EXTRACTS, COLOGNES AND Sozodont, which is so much desired and universally used. W H & R S TUCKER.

Groceries! Groceries!! Groceries!!!

A LARGE AND COMMANDING STOCK, CONsisting in part, of Coffees, Sugars, Teas, Candles, Soaps, Starch, Spices, Vinegar, Spiced Oysters, in Cans, Sardines, Lobsters, Salmon, Canned Fruits, Cheese, Crackers, &c. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Wines! Wines!! Liquors! Liquors!!

OUR STOCK CAN NOT BE EXCELLED. BEST Champagnes, Sherry, Madeira and Blackberry Wines, French, Otard and Cognac Brandies, Old Bourbon and Star Whiskey, Plantation Bitters, Champagne Cider, Scheidam Schnapps, Porter, Ale &c., Cigars and Tobacco. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

BAGGING ROPE AND TWINE. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

We invite special attention of Country Merchants and the Retail Trade to our extensive Stock which will be constantly replenished from the principal Northern Markets, and purchasers will find it to their advantage to give us a call, as we are determined to sell goods as low as any house South of the Potomac, difference in freight considered. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Raleigh, September 12-32-tf.

G. WHEELWRIGHT & CO.,

SHIPPING AND

Commission Merchants,

No. 118 WALL ST. NEW YORK.

COTTON, TOBACCO, NAVAL STORES, &C., &C., received on consignment.

A member of the house is now in Raleigh purchasing Cotton, all persons desiring to sell will do well to call on O. D. Cooke at the store of F. D. & W. E. Clark, on the south side of Hargett St, next door East of Messrs. Williams & Haywood's Drug Store.

Sept. 12-31-tf.

JUST RECEIVED,

AT 44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET, RALEIGH—

Double Barreled Guns,
Single Barreled Guns,
Gun Tubes, Gun Caps, Pistol Cartridges, Powder and Shot Game Bags, Shot Pouches, Powder Flasks, and a few very fine Child's Carriages.

For sale low.

D. T. CARRAWAY,
31-tf. WITH HART & LEWIS.

FOR SALE.

1 N. C., STATE BOND, OLD 6 PER CENT FOR $1,000.
1 splendid Gold Watch,
1 fine Black Silk Dress.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Sept. 12 1865, 31-tf.

D. T. CARRAWAY,

WITH

HART & LEWIS,

44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE JUST received,

10 boxes Collins Axes,
150 setts Cups and Saucers,
300 " Plates,
50 dozen Tumblers,
80 barrels Sugar,
10 bags Coffee,
10 boxes Candles,
5 boxes Starch,
10 boxes Soap,
12 cases Concentrated Potash,
5 cases Concentrated Lye,
1200 pounds clarified Copperas,
350 pounds Brimstone,
5 gross Matches,

Soda, Cream Tartar, Saleratus, Yeast Powders, Allspice, Pepper, Cinnamon, Ginger, Mace, Nutmegs, Cloves.

10 dozen Cotton Cards, No. 10.
1 dozen Wheel Heads.

Pots, Spiders, Ovens, Stew-pans, Tea Kettles, Waffle Irons, Saddles, Bridles, Martingales, Buggy and Riding Whips, Cirsingles, Collars, Hames, Trace Chains, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Hoes, Hand Bells, Call Bells, [nice for parlor use.] Cart and Wagon Boxes, Axles, Springs, Tire Iron, Plow Iron, Enamelled Cloth, Dash Leather, Lace and Buggy Trimmings, Carriage Bolts, &c.

50 Kegs Cut Nails. Also, made up and ready for delivery, 50 dozen Coffee Pots, of various sizes, 25 dozen Stamped Dippers.

Our stock will receive accessions from the North by every steamer arriving at Newbern.

Persons wishing to purchase would do well to give us a call before doing so.

Sep. 6, 1865-28-2w.

TRINITY COLLEGE.

THE TRUSTEES OF TRINITY COLLEGE WILL meet in their room at the College on the 26th of October to elect a President and four Professors, and to do such other business as may be necessary.

N. H. D WILSON,
President Board of Trustees.

September 18-37-4t.

W. J. BAKER, P. COWPER, W. H. JONES.

BAKER COWPER & CO.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

Merchants

And Attor's at Law---Brokers and Collectors Generally.

Aug. 22-3t.

SHOE THREAD, Spun Cotton, Chloriform, and a Shot Gun. BAKER, COWPER & Co.

Sep. 8, 1865-28-tf.

WHITFIELD'S REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM.

Cures Rheumatism certain—a pleasant tonic for the feeble and nervous

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Sep. 8, 1865 28-1w.

FOR SALE.

SHEET Tin, Tobacco, Leather and Starch.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Aug. 22-3t.

House and Lot in Raleigh for Sale.

HALF ACRE LOT WITH A VERY NEAT House on it, four rooms down stairs, and two up stairs. Good garden spot attached. Situated in the North-western part of the City.

30-tf. BAKER, COWPER & CO

For Sale.

A VERY GOOD RIDING SADDLE, AND two very good side saddles. Also a lot of good Bar Soap which can be sold very low by e box-

30-tf. BAKER, COWPER & CO.

BANK NOTES FOR SALE.

$10,000 ON THE BANK OF NORTH CAROlina, Bank of Cape Fear, Bank of Charlotte, and Farmer's Bank.

Gold coin for sale also.

30 tf. BAKER, COWPER & CO.

FINE FURNITURE FOR SALE.

A LOT OF VERY FINE FURNITURE CONsisting of Bedsteads, Sofas, Chairs, fine Tables, Sideboard, fine Crockery and Glass Ware, Beds, Mattrasses, fine Carpets, &c., &c. Also a very fine rose-wood Piano.

30-tf. BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Cotton Bagging, Sugar, Coffee, &, &c., For Sale.

A LOT of nice Sugar, Coffee, No. 1 Mackerel, Cotton Bagging, Iron, Adamantine Candles, Wine Glasses, Curry Combs and Sole Leather

BAKER COWPER & CO.

August 28, 1865. 18-tf

FOR SALE.

A LOT of No. I Bacon Hams, Middlings and Shoulders.

BAKER, COWPER & CO.

Raleigh, Aug. 26, 1865. 3t

S. D. WALLACE. J. B. SOUTHERLAND.

WALLACE & SOUTHERLAND,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Office over A. E. Hall's Store,

No. 22 NORTH WATER ST.,

Wilmington, N. C.

WILL give prompt personal attention to all Consignments of

NAVAL STORES, COTTON, SPIRITS TURPENTINE, ROSIN, TAR, PROVISIONS, &C., &C., EITHER FOR SALE OR SHIPMENT.

—ALSO—

TO FORWARDING MERCHANDISE, &c.

Sep. 6, 1865-26-tf.

To Contractors and Bridge Builders.

OFFICE RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO., Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 2nd, 1865.

PLANS and Proposals for building a Bridge over Cedar Creek, on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, will be received at this office until the 18th day of September, 1865.

Bridge Builders may submit plans for a wooden bridge constructed on the "Howe Truss plan," also plans for a stone culvert. Each plan must be accompanied by proposals. The Company reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.

The Contractor to do all the work and furnish all the material. The transportation of the material will be at the cost of the Company when the same has to be carried by Railroads and Steamboats.

R. W. LASSITER,
President Raleigh & Gaston Rail road Co.

25-tsep18.

Progress, Salisbury Banner, Greensboro' Patriot Charlotte Democrat, Petersburg Index and Norfolk Day Book copy until 18th day of September and send bills to daily "Standard."

NOTICE.

ON Thursday night, 4th May last, I was robbed of thirty N. C. State bonds of $1,000 each, by three or more persons, one of whom was a black man and two were white. Ten numbered from one to ten inclusive and were payable on 1st July 1864. (Of these No. 6 has been recovered) Ten from 137 to 147 inclusive, payable 1st July 1865. Ten from 610 to 619 inclusive, dated 1st January 1860, and issued under an "*Act authorizing the public Treasurer to sell the bonds of the State for certain purposes*" ratified 16th February 1859, chapter 43. Said bonds were payable to Seth Jones or bearer: but were registered, and therefore, not transferable by delivery: *see act of* 1856 *chapter* 16. A few Coupons only were attached to the first twenty. I was robbed also of two certificates of Bank Stock: one of Bank of North Carolina for 200 shares, No. 58. The other of the Bank of Cape Fear for 201 shares.

I will give a reward of $500 for recovery of said Bonds, or a proportional sum for any one or more of them. SETH JONES.

Wake Co., N. C., Aug. 25-1aw6w [m]

D. T. CARRAWAY,

WITH

HART & LEWIS,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

TIN, Sheet Iron and Copper Ware, Hardware and House Furnishing Goods generally, Cooking Stoves, Kerosene Oil, Lamps and Wicks. Also a select stock of Family Groceries.

No. 44, FAYETTEVILLE STREET, RALEIGH, N. C.

au 8-3m

BOOTS & SHOES.

Wholesale.

BALL, BEALL & CO.,

106 MAIN ST., RICHMOND, VA.

THE special attention of Merchants is invited to our New and Complete assortment of Boots and Shoes, of all kinds, Styles and Varieties—Ladies, Misses, Childrens, Men's, Boy's and Youth's.

The Retail Trade will find it to their advantage to call and examine our Stock before going elsewhere to purchase.

Aug. 25-tf

A. E. HALL,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

22 NORTH WATER STREET,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton and other produce solicited.

REFER to Rev. W. E. PELL, Raleigh.

Wilmington, July 13, 1865. 24—2m pd.

GOVERNMENT OF UNITED STATES

President—Andrew Johnson, of Tennessee.
Secretary of State—W H. Seward, of New York.
Secretary of War—Edwin M. Stanton, of Penn.
Postmaster General—William Dennison, of Ohio.
Secretary of the Navy—Gideon Wells, of Connecticut.
Secretary of the Interior—James Harlan, of Iowa
Secretary of the Treasury—Hugh McCulloch, of Ill.
Attorney General—James Speed, of Kentucky.
President of the Senate—Lafayette S. Foster, Conn.
Speaker of the House—Schuyler Colfax, of Indiana.

SUPREME COURT.

Salmon P. Chase, Ohio, Chief Justice.
1. James M. Wayne, Georgia.
2. Samuel Nelson, New York.
3. Rob't C. Grier, Pennsylvania.
4. Nathan Clifford, Maine.
5. Noah H. Swayne, Ohio.
6. Daniel Davis, Illinois.
7. Samuel Miller, Iowa.
8. Samuel F. Field, California.

LIEUTENANT GENERALS.

Wingfield Scott, of Virginia.
Ulysses S. Grant, of Ohio.
Adjutant General—Lorenzo Thomas, Delaware.
Judge Advocate General—Joseph Holt, D. C.
Quartermaster General—Montgomery C. Meigs, Penn.

GOVERNMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

William W. Holden, of Wake county, Provisional Governor.
Jos. S. Cannon, of Perquimans, Aid with the rank of Colonel.
Tod R. Caldwell, of Burke, Aid with the rank of Colonel.
Lewis Hanes, of Davidson, Private Secretary.
R. C. Badger of Wake, and W. H. Bagley, of Pasquotank Assistant Secretaries.
S. M. Parish and J. D. Pullen, of Wake, Clerks.
Theo. N. Ramsay, of Wake, Clerk and Messenger.
Jonathan Worth of Randolph, Treasurer.
Donald W. Bain, of Wake, Chief Clerk to Treasurer.
S. R. Thomas, of Carteret, Secretary of State.

PROSPECTUS
OF
THE SENTINEL.

"I WOULD RATHER BE RIGHT THAN BE PRESIDENT."
—*Henry Clay.*

As a means of support for his family and to contribute to the promotion of general intelligence, of right thought and action, the perpetuity of the Union of the States and the prosperity of North Carolina, the subscriber proposes, on his own responsibility, to connect with a general printing business, the publication of an independent, high-toned, political, literary and news journal in the city of Raleigh. He expects to establish the business and issue the journal, so soon as the regular mail facilities are restored to the State. It will be printed on entirely new type, press, &c., in the highest style of the art.

Besides devoting his whole time to the editorial conduct of the paper, with such other help as will be required, he expects to engage fifteen or twenty of the ablest pens of the State to contribute to its columns regularly. In general character, its model will be the "National Intelligencer" in its palmiest days. It will be issued daily, semi weekly and weekly, as the wants of the public demand; and as it will contain a faithful record of the history of the times, all valuable State papers, dissertations on constitutional law and political economy, as well as political, literary moral and scientific essays of permanent value, the weekly will be printed in large octavo form *for binding* and preservation. As a family newspaper the weekly will be every way desirable.

The war has demonstrated fully, the strength and power of the Republic to maintain the government established by our fathers, against all attempts to dismember or destroy it; that the Union of these States under one general government still receive the sanction and protection of Almighty God; the absurdity and impracticability of the State right doctrine of secession, and the impossibility of perpetuating African slavery in the United States. It accept these teachings as a solution of the war.

In politics, "The Sentinel" will neither be new on the one hand nor factiously partizan on the other. Its political *animus* will be imbibed from the fountain of conservatism drank at by the illustrious Henry Clay and the fathers of the Republic, and not from the pools of Northern or Southern radicalism. It will neither be agrarian nor aristocratic. It will not labor to bring down or level any one, but to purify and elevate all.

It shall be a leading aim of "The Sentinel" to foster and keep alive in our own people the flame of civil liberty, a jealousy for their indefeasible rights as American citizens, and an undying devotion to the Constitution and the laws, as the best means for all time to come, of preserving inviolate the Union of the States.

Finally, "The Sentinel" will strive to contribute to the cultivation of the spirit of mutual kindness, forbearance and confidence among our own people and the restoration of amity and good feeling among the people of all sections of the Union.

North Carolina and her sister Southern States must be rejuvenated and disenthralled from the incubus of poverty and indolence. Vigor, energy, and enterprise must be revived. Our country has been isolated, our people reduced to poverty, but the dawn must again be made to bloom and blossom as the rose—our homes have been made cheerless, but they must again be made the abodes of good cheer, refinement and hospitality.

"The Sentinel" will be just and generous to the negro in his new condition, always opening to him the road to improvement and elevation as the reward of his intelligence, his industry and virtue, yet ever bearing in mind that *our country is the inheritance of the white race.*

Its readers will find "The Sentinel" to be a spirited, reliable and thorough newspaper.

TERMS.

Daily, for six months in advance,	$5 00
Semi-Weekly, for one year,	4 00
do. for six months,	2 00
Weekly, for one year,	3 00

First subscription due after the receipt of the first number. W. E. PELL, Sen.

Raleigh, June 26, 1865.

☞ Our exchanges will confer a favor by giving the above two insertions.

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
WILMINGTON DISPATCH

THE undersigned will commence the publication of a Daily Newspaper, under the above title, at Wilmington, N. C., on or about the 15th day of September next. They do not deem it necessary to issue an extended prospectus; and will only promise that no pains or expense will be spared in making the DISPATCH a

FIRST CLASS NEWSPAPER,

The Commercial Department will receive the especial attention of gentlemen well qualified for the business, and will contain faithful and correct reports of the Northern and Southern markets.

TERMS:

For one year,	$10 00
Six months,	6 00
Three months,	4 00

☞ A Weekly edition will be published as soon as a sufficient number of the mail routes are re-established to justify it.

☞ Address us at Wilmington, N. C., care of Alfred Martin, Esq.

BERNARD & BARRY,
Editors and Proprietors.

W. H. BERNARD.
JOHN D. BARRY.

au 9-1m